

OR RIVER-PLATE NEWS.

Published every morning at the Standard printing office. Subscription 25 c per month. Eds & Proprs. M. G. & E. T. Mallah. Advertisements received until 3 P. M.; not exceeding 10 lines, inserted 3 times for 5 c, or 30 c a month. Single copies 2 c. Calle Belgrano 72 & 74.

Tuesday, 20th May

BUENOS-AYRES.

N.º 112

Maua Bank

Calle Cangallo 101 & 103.

Rate of interest for current month
Specie received in account current
at 7 1/2 p. per annum.
Specie advanced " " at 13 p. per annum.
Currency received " " at 6 p. per annum.
Currency advanced " " at 10 p. per annum.
Deposits for a fixed term in specie,
or currency, at 6 conventional interest.
Buenos Ayres, 20th April & Co.
P. P. Maua & Cía.
WILLIAM LESLIE.

PUBLIC NOTICE

77—PERU—77.

The wholesale and retail English
Grocery Store,
CALLE PERU, No. 77.

For many years favorably known for its
excellent family assortment, and
despatch has changed proprietors.
The present owner, having imported
of the select assortment which he has
on hand, at moderate prices, and which
he hopes will meet the wishes of all
who may favour him with their kind
patronage.

TEA—TEA—TEA.

Alone of its Class.

77—CALLE PERU—77.

This day is opened, a Tea Store on the
London style, wholesale and retail,
of the very best quality, and which
will be appreciated by those who
know what tea is.
Also on hand, a select stock of
Wines and Best Hawaiian Cigars,
and numerous other choice articles.

m15-7p

FRILANDS AT HOME.

Mr. Charles B. Friland, calls this morning
the House of 41, begs to inform the public that
after studying the literature on this subject, he
has, accordingly, adopted for treatment in En-
glish.

NUTTALL AND SMITH,

MORON.

Have added to their establishment the
adjoining buildings, and are now able
to offer to their country and town
friends at the comforts afforded by a
good English hotel.

N.º 14—A Court on the premises
for the benefit of visitors, both weekly
and daily.

THRANTERS.

Russian Jute Seaming, 3 inches by
in, on Sale at No. 189 Calle Defensa,
at 50 p. per yard, also other goods, such
as Flakes for sheep corals, 5 & 6
inches wide. Alfalfa or Lath, 3
inches by 1 1/2 thick, for sale by the
ton, and also makes the best Tijeras for
paja houses for country farmers.

IRISH LODGING-HOUSE.

Mr. BURNS begs to remind his
Friends in the Camp, that the still
carries on her Lodging-house, where
every attention is paid to the comfort
and convenience of those who patronize
her.

Breakfast, Dinner, and Tea at the
usual hours, and private well-aid
bed rooms, not to be surpassed in
town.

Parque, No. 45

FOR SALE.

Two new Houses, situated in the Calle
Temple, near the Plaza del Parque,
built of the best materials, and in modern
style. Each house contains six
rooms and out-offices, light, and com-
pation, &c. They would suit a shop.

For particulars apply to

WESTON and CO.,

House and Land Agents,

Recoba Vieja, 20.

m15-7p

LAND.

The undersigned begs leave to in-
form those who wish land for sheep,
that he has now 3 leagues of excellent
land on sale; he will sell in fractions
of any number of leagues, or in lots
to suit purchasers; he will facilitate
one-half of the purchase money, for one
two or three years, by paying 6 month
inter rest, money in advance. Also one
quarter of a league in Mercedes.
Apply to Calle Licoanquas No. 46
m15-7p Merit Parker.

English Grammar-School.

Calle Suyacha 406.

Principal—Mr. Pungeler, ex-Professor
at the London University College-
School.

This institution, though not exclu-
sive in its character, will be opened
with the view of affording the for-
eign element of Buenos Ayres a
school based entirely on the above
principles.

With this intention, and from the
support already promised him by one
of the first English families of the
city, the Rector has determined to
found the present Grammar School,
which he hopes, from his long expe-
rience and professorship in the above
mentioned famous institution, to be
able to such eminence as to meet in
every respect the wants of this highly
respectable society.

The classes comprehended the fol-
lowing branches:

English, French, Spanish
Latin, Mathematics

History, Ancient & Modern
Geography, Writing, &c.

Other branches, such as German,
Drawing and Music, &c.

The strict discipline will be in-
variably maintained, due regard being
paid to the sanitary condition of the
pupils.

In order to reconcile domestic affec-
tions with the scholastic duties, chil-
dren, whose parents may so wish, will
be allowed to leave on Saturday eve-
nings, and return on Monday mornings
at an early hour.

A monthly note will be addressed
to the parents of the pupils, informing
them of the conduct and progress of
the children. No corporal punish-
ment will be inflicted.

Each pupil will be furnished the fol-
lowing items, with wearing apparel:

An iron bedstead & washing-stand,
a trunk, linen, &c.

Terms of admission.

For BOARD \$ 500 PER MONTH—
HALF-BOARDS, 300 PER MONTH.

Medical attendance and books
charged to parents. Paper, pens, &c.
to be paid by the pupils.

The opening of the classes will
take place on May 5th. Only a limited
number of boarders will be ad-
mitted, in order to maintain a high
standing of respectability and morali-
ty. No day-scholars taken. The
play-grounds are spacious.

Buenos Aires, May, 6th.

P. Pungeler—Principal.

GEORGE BELES.

TAILOR and CLOTHIER,

Respectfully informs the Public that
he has commenced business in Calle
Defensa, No. 33, where, by strict at-
tention and moderate charges, he
trusts to merit a share of public pa-
tronage.

House To Let.

The fine and commodious residence,
No. 9, 11 and 13 Calle Viala, No. 2.
well known as "Bella Vista."

It looks on the river, and offers every
convenience for a large family.

Apply at No. 27 Calle B. & R.

American Improvements!!



Meats Mocks & Kelsey have just
received from New York a machine
for making tender pictures of a fine.
All persons wishing visiting cards
will be supplied by the dozen at a mod-
est price, also photographs for letters,
albums, &c. Persons sending picture
by the Packet are requested to
leave their orders a few days previous
to the sailing of the steamer, to avoid
any loss.

NOTE OF HOUSES, CHA-

CRAS, LAND, &c, ON SALE.

Parque-street—5 rooms, 2 patios
with vines, 5 1-2 vases front, by 38
degrees.

Temple—9 rooms, besides out-
office, 9 1-2 vases front, by 22 degrees.

Defensa—9 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.

Parque—7 rooms, 11 1-2 vases
front, 11 1-2 vases front, by 35 degrees.



NOTICE.

HARVEY ANYONE OR ASKER.

Is requested to call at or send
his address to this Office or any
one who can give information of
him or his whereabouts.

FRANK PARISH

H. B. M. Smith

British Consulate—Bs. Av. May 19

Two x.

Notice.

The undersigned offers his services as translator
from the English language. He is furnished with
reference, having been employed by many of the
English language in the city.

He also undertakes the management of busi-
ness with the Government, and is well acquainted
with all the necessary steps and formalities ob-
served in all these transactions.

John G. Knapley,

"English" Office.

Notice.

The undersigned offers his services as translator
from the English language. He is furnished with
reference, having been employed by many of the
English language in the city.

He also undertakes the management of busi-
ness with the Government, and is well acquainted
with all the necessary steps and formalities ob-
served in all these transactions.

John G. Knapley,

"English" Office.

Notice.

The undersigned offers his services as translator
from the English language. He is furnished with
reference, having been employed by many of the
English language in the city.

He also undertakes the management of busi-
ness with the Government, and is well acquainted
with all the necessary steps and formalities ob-
served in all these transactions.

John G. Knapley,

"English" Office.

Notice.

The undersigned offers his services as translator
from the English language. He is furnished with
reference, having been employed by many of the
English language in the city.

He also undertakes the management of busi-
ness with the Government, and is well acquainted
with all the necessary steps and formalities ob-
served in all these transactions.

John G. Knapley,

"English" Office.

Notice.

The undersigned offers his services as translator
from the English language. He is furnished with
reference, having been employed by many of the
English language in the city.

He also undertakes the management of busi-
ness with the Government, and is well acquainted
with all the necessary steps and formalities ob-
served in all these transactions.

John G. Knapley,

"English" Office.

Notice.

The undersigned offers his services as translator
from the English language. He is furnished with
reference, having been employed by many of the
English language in the city.

He also undertakes the management of busi-
ness with the Government, and is well acquainted
with all the necessary steps and formalities ob-
served in all these transactions.

John G. Knapley,

"English" Office.

Notice.

The undersigned offers his services as translator
from the English language. He is furnished with
reference, having been employed by many of the
English language in the city.

He also undertakes the management of busi-
ness with the Government, and is well acquainted
with all the necessary steps and formalities ob-
served in all these transactions.

John G. Knapley,

"English" Office.

Notice.

The undersigned offers his services as translator
from the English language. He is furnished with
reference, having been employed by many of the
English language in the city.

He also undertakes the management of busi-
ness with the Government, and is well acquainted
with all the necessary steps and formalities ob-
served in all these transactions.

John G. Knapley,

"English" Office.

Notice.

The undersigned offers his services as translator
from the English language. He is furnished with
reference, having been employed by many of the
English language in the city.

FOREIGN AMATEUR

RACING SOCIETY.

AUTUMN MEETING.

29th and 30th May, 1868.

First day's Races, Thursday—

First Race, 12 noon.
The Delgado Stakes—A sweep
stakes for horses that have never won
at any meeting of this or other society.
Entry, \$500, with \$5000 added from the
funds of the society; once round and
distance; weight 145 lbs.

Second Race 1 p. m.
The Steward's Cup—Entry, \$500
with \$500 added; once and a half
round weight, 145 lbs.

Third Race, 3 p. m.
The Delgado Stakes—Entry,
\$500 with \$500 added; weight 145 lbs.

Fourth Race, 5 p. m.
The Buenos Aires Gold Cup—Entry,
\$500, with a gold cup, worth \$500
sterling, given by the society; twice
round; weight, 145 lbs.

Fifth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Sixth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Seventh Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Eighth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Ninth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Tenth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Eleventh Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Twelfth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Thirteenth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Fourteenth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Fifteenth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Sixteenth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Seventeenth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Eighteenth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Nineteenth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Twentieth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Twenty-first Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Twenty-second Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Twenty-third Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Twenty-fourth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Twenty-fifth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Twenty-sixth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Twenty-seventh Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Twenty-eighth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Twenty-ninth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Thirtieth Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Thirty-first Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Thirty-second Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

Thirty-third Race.
The Chase—Entry, \$500, for horses
born in 1867, with 1000 added;
weight, 145 lbs.

THE STANDARD.

"AN EARLY ADEQUATE, AND VERY GOOD" —
—*Review*—

THURSDAY, MAY 26th 1905.

Sao Fernando & Chascomus Railways

Some "snake in the grass" has shown his ugly head in a local event in the "Asociación," arising in an ambiguous party, that the above line has suspended its works. Being interested in the success of the enterprise, we hastened to enquire of the contractor, who, with a beaming countenance, assured us that the works were progressing rapidly, and that he derived much amusement from the undue zeal of our colleague, who has thus hid himself open to a civil action. The fact is, that the engineer is now surveying the work done, and the sleepers will be put on immediately. We may positively look for an excursion-trip by July 9th, and meantime beg our cynical friends to postpone their judgment till that date.

Touchoing the Chascomus project, we were not a little surprised to read of the rival proposal signed by Messrs. Simpson, Murray, and Lelievre. This purported to reduce the expenses 10 per cent, requiring a reduced rate of interest (6 per cent). At the same time, Mr. Lamb offered one million currency as guarantee of good faith, which was interpreted as a challenge to his competitors. The latter then withdrew their project. This movement has been explained as follows: Mr. Murray, the contractor, was induced to sign the proposal, under the belief that it did not interfere with any like project, and that the interest was at 7 per cent. It is to be remembered that he does not understand Spanish, which accounts for such misconception.

As the matter now stands, there is no opposition, and we believe that not only the concessionaire, but the republic at large, will gain greatly by the speedy despatch of this important speculation. The only objection ought to be enfolded is that Mr. Lamb will make a handsome profit, but it is proper to remember that he has already expended money on it, and unless some one appear in the field, offering superior advantages, he is fairly entitled to the concession.

Messrs. Simpson and Murray have retired from the field. We expect the Senate will ratify the first proposal, after this additional proof is in favour.

Plan "Castastro" of Buenos Ayres.

Our attention has been called to this minute map of bona fide property in this city, drawn up by Mr. Beare, the indefatigable engineer of the Municipality. The want of such a map or plan of the city has been long felt, giving rise to well-grounded complaints against the incorrect Government valuations of city property.

At the instance of many of our subscribers, we have called special attention to the enormous amount of landed property in the city, but we hope, hereafter, to show these worthy magnates (city valuers) will be guided by Mr. Beare's Map, and have no room for just complaints.

The untiring efforts of Mr. Beare will reward the citizens from interminable law-suits.

We may congratulate the Municipality upon securing the services of a gentleman who has, even in England, given such proofs of his capacity.

We are informed that the Corporation of the St. Peter's district, in London, as also the city of Birmingham, have been executed by him.

Man about Town.

All the town is astir; first, about the sudden stop of the "Mississippi," next about the Southern railway, and the withdrawn proposal of St. Lelievre; then about the extension of the Western Railway Co.

The Legislature is lying up, for the matter of carrying, and will not put up for some time. The Salto is hourly expected from Rosario with the "Corrientes," Mendoza, Santiago, Tucuman, San Juan, and Santa Fe, Deputies for Congress. The Club del Plata gives to-night a grand ball, and the "Nacional" hopes that instead of clattering, the members and guests will trip it on the tight financial toe.

Doctor Valentín Albina was tumbled out of a coach at a late funeral, but he escaped with a few scratches.

Government has awarded Mtes. Sarrazón and Co. the monthly payment of \$10,000 m.p. in recognition of their valuable services, and to assist in the completion of the Argentine Well enterprise.

The May festival is proving to be very brilliant. An immense ballet, not quite so long as Jacoby's, is to be seen in the Plaza, where a platform is also in construction for the parade displays of children converted into harlequins.

The recent heavy rains have so flooded our Rio 3.5, that we are told several houses have been injured, and the Submarine City Directory is not yet ready, although we have been a long time expecting it; probably it will be out before Xmas.

The Opera on Sunday night did not come off as Mme. Patti's company, who had been reported that Sr. Pettalardo had reduced the prices 20 per cent, but this was a false report; prices were at the motto and, even at double fares, we hear all the available seats are engaged for the May performances. If Mme. Almering, the National hymn, and the large foreign gathering as this will be an additional attraction.

The Foreign Races.

The protracted dispute between the Foreign Racing Society and the Argentine company has at last been decided in favour of the Foreigners, by Governor Mitre, in *propria persona*.

As the Argentine company had not a semblance of right to licence races, we have only to say that the Argentine company, an enlightened body as the Belgrano Municipality should force upon the foreigners the necessity of bringing the matter, by certiorari, to the highest jurisdiction in the country.

It is obvious that the Argentine Racing Company had selected the same days for their races,

merely for the purpose of exciting party feeling, and violating the terms of a recognised civil contract.

In this they have signally failed, and it will serve as a lesson to others, that the terms of a duly executed contract must be respected here, as in every other part of the civilized globe.

The Governor's Message.

Continued.

Paper Currency.

The continued depreciation which has taken place during several years past, in the price of our principal products, to foreign markets—more especially late—being with it a successful and unavourable exchanges to trade, with all its disastrous effects, added to the considerable sum which has been thrown into the creation of the paper currency, have necessarily brought a great depreciation in its value. Nevertheless, it is to be expected that, by the efficient means provided for its amortization, and above all by the consolidation of peace in the country, the paper currency will gradually recover its former value. The Government, in the meantime, anxious of tending on its part, as far as within its power, to lessen the evils which are felt at present, and considering that one of the best means to raise its credit, is by effecting, as far as possible, its usefulness, published a decree in which all the expenses and payments of the administration should be made in paper currency, and judged it convenient to the same end, to address itself to the Bank Directors and the commercial community. Of all these documents a copy is annexed for reference. The means to which the Government has alluded in its last note to the Bank, to provide an opportunity to the conversion of our paper currency, are the same already created, but modified in a more direct and efficient manner.

On the other hand, the Government persists in the belief that the value of our paper currency will be as low as necessary, and its fate uncertain, as long as the power remains to make new emissions, and judges that this resource is unjustifiable in ordinary times or circumstances, and is even provided that if it should be again attempted in extraordinary cases, it would prove inefficient, and ruinous and fatal to the commercial interests of the State.

As the state has no public credit, which nothing shall contribute so much to increase as a measure of that nature, leads us to adopt it; and, in that case, it must be on the basis of financing the value of our currency, as its fluctuations of any kind are equally pernicious. With an inconvertible paper of fluctuating value, the currency, the only possible basis to the public or private credit transactions.

Ireland—St. Patrick's Day.

Although a National banquet was held at the Rotunda, and the Victory paraded at the Castle with an enormous slaughter in his butcher-hole, the celebration was not of such public interest as on some former occasions, or as in foreign parts. In London, at Freemason's Tavern, the toast of Irish independence was given with applause, and telegraphed to Liverpool, Glasgow, and London, other towns where similar displays were being held. But no

where was the day honoured with such eclat as at New York: all Broadway was alive with the gallant Irish regiments, in platoons, and the Park gate, being flanked by the other Irish corps—Danish regiments—Phoenix Regiments—Royal Guard—Duke of York's Volunteers—Linmerick Guards—Liberal Green's, &c. Their route was marked with a display of Stars and Stripes intermingled with the Green flag, and the citizens terminated very appropriately at Metropolitan Hall, where coronets were laid for 329, and the shamrock was drowned with all its honours.

Meantime, at home a terrible controversy is raging between the President of the Young Men's Society and the Brothershood of St. Patrick, the former charging this Holyday American fanaticism with selfish, secret oaths and egotism. It would seem that a further instance of the characteristic of disunion, which has so often been up to, "as we are in the hour of might." Many of the best Irish patriots have retired in disgust from the political councils and the hopes of the people are crushed under the weight of the O'Donoghue seems to aspire to the mantle of his immortal uncle, but the O'Connor Dan, whose maiden speech yet rings in the ears of St. Stephen's, is unquestionably the master intellect of Ireland. This young man unites to the princely lineage of one thousand years, great natural talents, immense landed possessions, and great popularity.

Apprope of popular men, few vice-roy have been so beloved as Lord Curlew; but his Secretary, Sir Robert Peel, has infinitely damaged him by the Queen's coronation. No less than 100 peers, deputy-lieutenants, high-sheriffs and provincial magnates have protested against these Colours, and instead of contributing to the national institutions, he commanded a Charter for the Catholic University. The Chief Secretary was burned with gusto by the men of Kerry, in front of the Police barracks.

The intemperate court-martial on Cap. Robertson, at Dublin, after dragging its slow length along for 40 days, has ended in his favour. The *Times* says that the private Windham case in proximity and scandalous disclosures.

The City Water-works, thanks to the Editor of the *Freeman*, and his co-workers, are about to be constructed, and then Dublin will be the only one in New York to be constructed. The old culd being used for traffic, and costs having sometimes come there to an untimely end, it is found necessary to get a new supply.

The speculative theories about Irish fealty are rudely annihilated by Mr. Maguire's motion for a return of "persons who have lately died from starvation?" of repressive collateral evidence it is found in the stoppage of mills at Belfast, the scarcity of bread-stuff, and general distress in the rural districts.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Latest from Rio Janeiro.

BLIGHT OF THE COFFEE PLANT.
Sugar crop—Good prospects.

The blight, or worm which attacks the leaves of the coffee tree, is more than ever prevalent this year, and will greatly diminish the yield of coffee. More especially has it appeared with the blight effect in the State of the Province of Rio de Janeiro. On the *Estimativa*, or collection of Comendador Antonio Castro e Castro and Mps José d'Avila, and

many others in the district of Vastour, where I have lately visited, and consequently can speak from personal observation, there will not be more than one-twentieth part of what, in former years, has been called a fair yield. However, there is no doubt that it will not in the least augment the prices, the demand having in consequence of the trouble in the United States, so greatly fallen off.

The sugar crops of the more northern provinces are more than usually good, the only drawback being the want of enterprise in the building of roads by which it can come to market. The present end of transportation from the ports is the worst of embarkation in its worst instance, more than the market value of the sugar itself.

United States of Colombia.

The news from the interior continues to be favourable to Mosquera. The British steamer *Saldia* brings only two days later from Bogotá to the 27th January, she announces that that a battle was fought near Caracas, in the State of Santander, close to the Venezuelan frontier, on the 19th of January, between the Reactionists under Colonel Canales, and the Mosquera, or Government Forces, and General Gutiérrez, in which the former was totally defeated, and three dispersed. Some of the fugitives had arrived at Manacabo, Venezuela, and the States now are clear of armed reactionists and the Government, except Antioquia and Cauca. General Mosquera has gone to Antioquia in person, and if it be true, as there seems to be no doubt, that the Reactionists are crushed out in Santander, there will be no trouble in doing the same for Antioquia. At last accounts, Mosquera, with a large force, had reached Paraná de Boissac, in the State of Cauca, and the Reactionists are crushed out in Santander, there will be no trouble in doing the same for Antioquia.

In the State of Cauca, Colonel Sanchez, of Lopez's Division, had defeated the Reactionist Colonel Arboleda, in a battle at Siria, on the 11th January. Arboleda lost a large number of officers are killed and prisoners and retreated from Popayan, the capital, to Caloto, where he entrenched himself, having only three to four hundred men left. He is now entirely hemmed in, and so that his escape is deemed impossible. Don Manuel Caneque, one of Arboleda's late prisoners, is now administering the government of the State of Cauca, in the name of Mosquera.

Nearly all the merchants and notable men of Bogotá, many of them until now the determined opponents of Mosquera, had offered money to him, with which to end the war. Their manifest of aid, signed and dispatched by hand, their arms, is published.

General Nieto, Governor of Bolívar, had left Cartagena for the interior, probably to join Mosquera with a force.

The British steamer from San Juan del Norte brings news of the total loss of the New-York steamer John Hart, on Lake Nicaragua. The John Hart was sent out to perform the service of the new California Passenger Company on the Lake. She effected the loss of 220 tons, plus command of Captain John Jefferson Murry, and was lost in a gale of wind by dragging her anchors.

The British steamer from St. Thomas brings us news that the Province Maricao, in Venezuela, has offered to accept, and join the Colombian Confederacy.

